



Annex: Supplemental Physical Intervention Policy during the reopening of schools May 2020

Contents

1.	Context	1
2.	Protective Measures	1
3.	Training of staff	2
4.	Safe Spaces	2
5.	Recording and monitoring	2
6.	Positive Handling Plans	2
7.	Roles and responsibilities	2
8.	Review	3
Арр	endix 1: Example Risk assessment	•••
Арр	endix 2: List of staff MAPA trained	
aaA	endix 3: Updated PHP – COVID-19	6

1. Context

From 1st June 2020 EYFS, Year 1, Year 6, vulnerable children and children of critical workers are reintegrated back to school following the following Government Guidance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/news/details-on-phased-wider-opening-of-schools-colleges-and-nurseries

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/closure-of-educational-settings-information-for-parents-and-carers

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/actions-for-educational-and-childcare-settings-to-prepare-for-wider-opening-from-1-june-2020

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/coronavirus-covid-19-guidance-for-schools-and-other-educational-settings

This annex to the school Physical Intervention policy reflects new protective measures and arrangements implemented in response to COVID-19. All other provisions in the Physical Intervention policy remain in force.

2. Protective Measures

School staff can use reasonable force to either control or restrain pupils. A number of staff members have MAPA training (Management of Actual or Potential aggression). For those pupils that have a Positive Handling Plan (PHP), a risk assessment for returning to school will be completed. This risk assessment will directly address the risks associated with the pupils behaviours and coronavirus, so that sensible measures can be put in place to control the risks for pupils and staff. Following completing the risk assessments, schools will need to update the pupils PHP and share both the risk assessment and PHP with parents/carers.

Due to COVID-19 and following guidance from CPI parents/carers will have a responsibility to come the school to help de-escalate a situation if handling becomes a probable action. If parents do not arrive before the risk of harm to self/others becomes great, pupils will be handled as detailed in their PHP.

If physical intervention is necessary due to challenging behaviour, ideally staff should wear personal protective equipment (PPE), including aprons, gloves and masks. However, staff may not have time to put PPE on if the pupil is hurting themselves and/or others, absconding and/or putting themselves and/or others at risk. Therefore, staff will take extra hygiene precautions in light of COVID-19, this includes adults MAPA trained and pupils with a PHP having a change of clothes within school and washing of exposed area (including pupil's arms, where they've been held), after de-escalation.

Staff MAPA trained will be trained in the correct use of PPE. PPE will be stored in each classroom, the pastoral office, SLT office and the main office so staff MAPA trained can access PPE easily if necessary.

The decision on whether or not to physically intervene is down to the professional judgement of the member of staff concerned and has to be judged on a case-by-case basis, depending on the circumstances. Our Physical Intervention Policy contains further details.

3. Training of staff

The school has adopted the techniques of Pivotal MAPA (Management of Actual or Potential Aggression). Key staff members have received MAPA training which is refreshed annually – see Appendix 2. If a member of staffs training has lapsed, they have a 3-month period where they are still trained. Pivotal MAPA instructors can offer advice to schools with regards to physical intervention.

4. Safe Spaces

At Mowmacre Hill there are two safe space rooms. These are a space where children can safely calm from crisis behaviours and/or are feeling anxious and need a room to calm down. These spaces are viewed as a safe environment for children to calm from crisis and are furnished with soft seating. If a child needs to use the safe space this will be cleaned after use following the schools deep cleaning schedule. This will include, cleaning door handles with disinfectant wipes/solution, damp cleaning the soft play equipment and following with disinfectant wipe/solution.

5. Recording and monitoring

Incidents of restraints or disengagements must be recorded by staff, using the agreed Hold Till Calm (HTC) form kept on the school server.

Parents/Carers will be contacted prior to physical intervention taking place to inform them that their child's behaviour is escalating. When Parents/Carers arrive at school the following information must be provided:

- When and where the incident took place
- Why physical intervention was used
- What physical intervention was used
- Whether there were any injuries
- What follow up action (support and /or disciplinary) was being taken in relation to their child

6. Positive Handling Plans

Where specified in a risk assessment or after any incidence of restraint a Positive Handling Plan (PHP) must be drawn up by the SENDCo, Inclusion Manager and other relevant staff, using the agreed school proforma updated for COVID-19 – Appendix 3.

PHP's are working documents and must be reviewed by the SENDCo, Inclusion Manager and other relevant staff regularly to ensure that they are still effective and take into account relevant needs of individuals.

7. Roles and responsibilities

The Advisory Board:

The Advisory Board helps set down general guidelines on standards of discipline and behaviour, and, are kept informed of any restraints.

Headteacher:

The Headteacher has the responsibility for informing the Advisory Board of the rate of incidents of restraint on a termly basis. The Head Teacher will read and enforce the school's Physical Intervention Policy to ensure pupils and staff are kept safe.

SENCO and Inclusion Manager:

SENCO and Inclusion Manager will monitor PHP and risk assessments on a regular basis and review these in line with the latest government advice and guidance and update parents/carers to these changes.

All staff:

All staff members will be trained in using PPE. MAPA trained staff will be required to bring in spare clothes incase PPE can't be accessed before physical intervention is necessary.

Where PPE has been used, staff will inform the office manager so PPE equipment can be replenished.

ideally staff should wear personal protective equipment (PPE), including aprons, gloves and masks.

If a safe space has been used, staff involved in the physical intervention need to ensure the cleaning team are informed and no one enters the safe space until it has been cleaned thoroughly.

Where physical intervention has occurred, staff members are required to ensure washing of exposed areas, including pupil's arms, where they've been held has taken place.

Record incidents of restraint using the agreed method on the school's incident HTC forms and inform incidents of restraints with parents/careers.

8. Review

This annex will be reviewed by DSAT Behaviour Lead and shared with headteacher and the advisory board in line with the latest government advice.

Appendix 1: Example Risk Assessment

Risk Assessment		Almost Certain	5	10	15	20	25	and the same of th	
Name: Cla	ss:	Probable /Likely	4	8	12	16	20	Mayor H	
Date		3 Possible	3	6	9	12	15	Primary School	
Work Activity: Sc /Behaviour	chool Site	2 Unlikely	2	4	6	8	10		
Manager:		1 Very Unlikely / Pare	1	2	3	4	5		
			Insignificant / Negligible	2 Minor	3 Moderate	4 Major	Critical / Catastrophic		
conditions, elo recommended risk assessmer central / local Please note th 15 th May 2020	ms include but are adderly plus others are done in the current climate is very much a limate government (CG/L) at this individual red. This risk assessmid-19 develops and	e more vuli mate this is ve documer .G) DSAT Ac isk assessm ent is a wor	nerable to advised a nt and sho ademy Tro ent should king docu	Covid-19 t t being 12 v uld be adap ust and Pub d be used in ment and v	herefore ex weeks from oted accord olic Health E conjunction vill therefore	ttend perio the date o lingly, align England (PH on with the re need to	ds of self-shieldi of closure 23 rd Ma oing with advice of HE). whole-school ri be updated as go	ng are arch 2020. This given from sk assessment o	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be	risk assessment ha Mowmacre Hill Prin progresses. I have r elow. I understand vill no longer be ab	mary school ead and ago that if my c	l I underst ree to the hild canno	and that th terms and ot adhere to	is is a work conditions the syster	ing docum outlined in ns in place,	ent and is subjec my child's indiv , and their actior	t to change as idual risk	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be	Mowmacre Hill Prii progresses. I have r elow. I understand vill no longer be ab	mary school ead and ago that if my c	l I underst ree to the hild canno	and that th terms and ot adhere to	is is a work conditions the syster	ing docum outlined in ns in place, s academic	ent and is subjec my child's indiv , and their actior	t to change as idual risk	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be unsafe, they w Pupil Name: _	Mowmacre Hill Prii progresses. I have r elow. I understand vill no longer be ab	mary school read and ag that if my c le to attend	I I underst ree to the hild canno I school fo	and that th terms and ot adhere to or the remai	is is a work conditions o the syster inder of this	ing docum outlined in ns in place s academicClas	ent and is subject my child's indiv , and their action year.	t to change as idual risk as continue to be	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be unsafe, they w Pupil Name: _	Mowmacre Hill Prii progresses. I have r elow. I understand vill no longer be ab	mary school read and ag that if my c le to attend	I I underst ree to the shild cannot school fo	and that the terms and of adhere to the remains the remains the white the terms with the terms w	is is a work conditions o the syster inder of this	ing docum outlined in ns in place, s academicClasDate	ent and is subject my child's indivential in action year.	t to change as idual risk as continue to be	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be unsafe, they w Pupil Name: _ Parental Signa	Mowmacre Hill Pring progresses. I have relow. I understand will no longer be about the sture: What are the	mary school read and agr that if my c le to attend Who mig harme	I I underst ree to the shild cannot school fo	and that the terms and of adhere to the remains the remains the white the terms with the terms w	is is a work conditions the syster inder of this	ing docum outlined in ns in place, s academicClasDate	ent and is subject my child's indivection, and their action year.	t to change as idual risk is continue to be with the work is section is necessary to reduce the	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be unsafe, they w Pupil Name: _ Parental Signa	Mowmacre Hill Pring progresses. I have relow. I understand will no longer be about the sture: What are the	mary school read and agr that if my c le to attend Who mig harme	ht be	and that the terms and of adhere to the remains the remains the white the terms with the terms w	is is a work conditions the syster inder of this	ing docum outlined in ns in place, s academicClasDate	ent and is subject my child's indivection, and their action year.	t to change as idual risk is continue to be what further action is necessary to reduce the	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be unsafe, they w Pupil Name: _ Parental Signa No	Mowmacre Hill Pring progresses. I have relow. I understand will no longer be about the sture: What are the	wary school read and agr that if my c le to attend Who mig harms and ho	ht be ed w?	and that the terms and of adhere to the remain what are whethere.	is is a work conditions the syster inder of this the existin measures?	ing docum outlined in ns in place s academicClas Date g control	ent and is subject my child's indiverse in the indiverse indiverse indiverse in the indiverse indi	What further action is necessary to reduce the risk?	
and adults at I the situation p assessment be unsafe, they w Pupil Name: _ Parental Signa No No repared by: uthorised by:	Mowmacre Hill Pringregresses. I have relow. I understand will no longer be about the Hazards?	wary school read and ag that if my c le to attend Who mig harms and ho	ht be ed w?	what are	is is a work conditions the system inder of this the existin measures?	ing docum outlined in ns in place s academicClas Date g control	ent and is subject my child's indiverse in the indiverse indiverse indiverse in the indiverse indi	What further action is necessary to reduce the risk?	

Appendix 2: Staff members MAPA trained

Staff Name	Role/Year Group	Expiry Date
Sam Asher	Behaviour Mentor	November 2020
Tim Gilbert	Deputy Head	November 2020
Simone Hill	Foundation 2 TA2	November 2020
Sue Edwards	Children's Champion	November 2020
Sally-Anne Parker	4PP TA3	November 2020
Cara Mullan	Foundation 2 Class Teacher	March 2021
Lucy Burbidge	Year 1 class Teacher	March 2021
Shilpa Mistry	Year 1 TA2	March 2021
Barry Lamble	Year 6 Class Teacher	March 2021
Fiona Simmonds	Year 6 TA2	March 2021
Tina Blair	Year 5 TA2	March 2021
Rachel Harrison	Year 5 TA2	March 2021
William Clarke	Year 4 TA2	March 2021
Rimini Joshi	Foundation 1 TA2	June 2020
Natalie Barnacle	Year 2 TA2	June 2020
Barry Lamble	Year 6 Class Teacher	June 2020
Ali Williams	Year 5 Class Teacher	June 2020
Estelle Ewing	Assistant Head	June 2020
Mohammed Patel	Attendance Officer	June 2020
Amy Calver	Year 5 TA2	Maternity Leave
Hayley Lambert	Year 6 TA2	October 2020
Lyn Harriman	HLTA	October 2020



MAPA – Positive Handling Plan

Pupil Name: xxxxxxxxx	DOB: 00.0.0000
Date of Plan: 22/08/2018 Updated:	Review Date of PHP: September 2020

COVID-19 UPDATE: 29/04/2020:

Parents to be called if behaviour escalates and handling becomes a probable action. If parents do not arrive before the risk of harm to self/others becomes great, pupil to be handled as detailed below.

Staff will take extra hygiene precautions in light of COVID-19, this includes adults handling children having a change of clothes within school and washing of exposed area (including pupil's arms, where they've been held) after de-escalation.

What are common triggers, contexts or environmental factors which have led to a dangerous situation in the past?

- Writing Tasks
- Being hurt by another child accidentally or deliberately
- Feeling hungry
- Following adult instructions when he feels he doesn't want to / can't do so
- Unstructured activities both social times and during transition in class and around school
- Assembly (****'s choice whether he attends).
- Constructive criticism or any form of challenge
- Something happening at home
- Incident during break/lunchtime
- Forgetting his PE kit

Forgetting his FE kit					
What does the behaviour look like?					
Escalating Behaviours	Crisis Behaviours				
 Switching off to adults and simply not responding to instructions Distracting others from their learning by wandering around the classroom and interfering in their tasks. Throwing equipment Shouting out and over staff Leaving the classroom Drawing on himself Trying to harm himself with a ruler Putting his hood up and not engaging 	 Tearful Anger Pushing chairs and tables Running out of the classroom Stopping children and adults entering or leaving the environment Hitting out at those within his reach (both staff and peers) Locking himself in the toilet. Escaping through windows Climbing on top of lockers, bookshelves and 				
Trying to climb in dangerous places buildings outside Kov adults who may support:					
Key adults who may support:					

De-escalation skills	Try	Avoid	Notes
Verbal advice and support			It is important that **** is encouraged to make
			the correct choices even when he is escalating his
			behaviour. **** will not process lots of language
			at this time. Use small step targets to support
			him.
Giving space			**** will have already been offered this as part of
			the trying to prevent crisis happening strategies -
			he will have already been offered options to have
December			his own space outside the classroom.
Reassurance			When **** is becoming more agitated it is
			important to reassure him that it is not the end of the world and we are here to help him make the
			right choices, offering him an alternative.
Help scripts			It is important to be consistent in the messages
			that we use with ****, for example: "We are here
			to help you ****" etc
Negotiation			Negotiation is sometimes required to get ****
. regetiation			back on task. Break each lesson into small chunks,
			giving **** chance to have a positive time in
			class.
Choices			Give limited choices to **** as this makes it
			easier for him to make an informed choice.
Humour			Humour doesn't always work with **** but try. It
			is important you know what interests **** as this
			helps to calm him down in crisis.
Consequences			Consequences work with ****, but make sure
			that he is calm and understands why the
			consequences have been put into place.
Planned ignoring			This can escalate his behaviour try to de-escalate
			the situation through using distraction or giving a
			choice and providing take-up time.
Take up time			Unless in a dangerous situation do not expect an
			immediate response to an instruction, request or
			question. Give **** take up time to respond and
			then check in in with him a short while later. It
			does not help **** if adults wait over him as it can raise his anxieties. If he doesn't respond
			remain calm and introduce choices and
			consequences etc
Time-out/time away/out of class			This works well but it can take a long time for
Time day time away, out or class			**** to return to class. Sometimes it its best just
			to leave **** and give him space.
Supportive touch			This can further escalate ****'s behaviour so
• •			needs to be avoid.
Transfer adult (fresh face)			**** responds to key staff as stated above so
,			where possibly make sure one of these are there.

	**** responds well to a change of face
	immediately.
Success reminded	**** likes success, so it is important on re-
	entering the classroom **** is clear in what he is
	expected to do. Make it clear it is a fresh start
	and give **** a clear success reminder, for
	example, we have 15 minutes left I need you to
	complete 4 questions.
Simple listening	Keep language to a minimum to allow simple
	listening. Our listening needs to be non-
	judgmental, if you know the facts, listen to ****
	first and then support him in understanding his
	actions and the consequence given and how we
	can move on.
Acknowledgement	Always acknowledge how **** is feeling and
remowiedgement	explain that we can work together to sort this
	out, but we need to be calm first. Encourage ****
	to use words which explain his feelings. For
	example; '**** I can see you are angry, That is ok,
	but it is not ok to'
Apologising	We are supporting **** to 'fix and mend' the
Apologishing	damage he has done. It is important that we use
	this strategy to demarcate the end of an incident.
	If **** is unable to apologise for whatever
	reason, try using a sorry letter in staff pigeon
	holes or for a child drawing a picture to give to
	them.
Agracing	If ****'s perception is that someone triggered his
Agreeing	
	behaviour, agree with his point of view but then go onto unpick it to show that his actions where
	not proportionate to the event. If others have done wrong explain to ****, their consequences
	as well as his.
Damasina audiana	
Removing audience	**** will often remove himself from the
	classroom. If not, the key adults will need ask the
Othors	other children to leave the area.
Others	Try giving **** something to fiddle with from his
	own fidget box if he is showing signs of
	escalations but make sure its soft e.g. soft
	toy/stress ball

Diversions and distractions (Describe interest, words, objects etc. which may divert attention away from an escalating crisis)

- Conversation of interests (Xbox)
- Computer (will need be wiped down after use)
- Going outside with a ball
- Class motivators
- Reminders to use his safe space

Praise points/potential strengths (Areas that can be developed further and built upon)

- Helpful towards others
- Having a job to do (**** is very eager to please)

Any medical conditions to be taken into account before using Physical interventions? None known

Optional Physical Intervention to be used							
	Low	Medium	High				
Disengagements	If ****'s behaviour is starting to e	escalate, we will use escort t	o move **** to a safe				
environment. We will ensure that we block and move if strikes occur. If **** takes							
	of wrist or hair, we will use pull/p	oush or lever technique to dis	sengage.				
Young Person							
Standing Hold	is important to risk assess the situ	ation and use the lowest lev	vel of hold suitable for the				
	time.						
Young Person Wherever possible **** is escorted to a safe place and held in a seated position this wi							
Seated Hold enable **** to regain control quicker. Then he can fix and mend sooner and retur							
	to class without one incident ruining the rest of the day for him.						
Infant Hold							
Standing	anding						
Infant Seated							
Hold (on a chair)							
Infant Seated							
Hold (kneeling)							
Other When calm **** may ask to be left alone in the safe space. It is imperative that ad							
	present continually check on ****, by opening the door slightly asking are you ready						
	and responding appropriately to his answer. For example, Are you ready ****- No go						
away – Ok I'm here when you are I'll give you space.							

Are there any factors to consider when debriefing? E.g. communication aids, staff etc.

It is important to debrief with ****, clearly talking with **** where his choices went wrong and what he could do next time. **** also needs to take ownership of his behaviours and time should be taken to explain how we can mend what we did wrong also that will try and think about our actions in future to prevent the same events occurring. It is important that he is set a learning task when returning to class which is small and achievable.

How should we record incidents- who, when and how?

If a hold was used, then a HTC form needs to be completed. This can be found on the shared drive under MAPA Folder in Holding Till Calm Form folder. When completing remember to state facts only, be non-judgmental and use initials to show which staff members involved. Remember to explain escalation and crisis.

Parents need to be contacted if any restraints are used, including escorts.

Role	Name	Signature
Headteacher		
SENCO		
Parent/carers		